

**IN THE CLAIMS**

Please amend the claims to read as provided below.

1. (Currently Amended) A system that provides for remote password authentication, comprising:

a client computer;

a plurality of authentication servers;

a network interconnecting the client computer and the plurality of authentication servers; and

~~software running on the client computer and plurality of authentication servers that cooperates to enter a password on the client, store a memory, coupled to the client, the memory maintaining instructions that when executed by the client, cause the client to receive a password, transmit a unique random value  $y_i$  on to each of the servers, derive a group element (P) from the password, send a blinded password value ( $P^x$ ) to the servers, retrieve receive blinded key shares ( $P^{xy_i}$ ) from the servers, unblind and combine the blinded key shares to create a master key (Km), and decrypt encrypted private data on the client computer using the master key (Km)~~

2. (Currently Amended) The system recited in Claim 1 wherein the ~~software operating on the client operates~~ instructions further cause the client to validate the master key (Km).

3. (Currently Amended) The system recited in Claim 1 wherein the ~~software operating on the client operates~~ instructions further cause the client to decrypt encrypted private data using the validated master key (Km).

4. (Currently Amended) The system recited in Claim 2 wherein the ~~software operating on the client operates~~ instructions further cause the client to decrypt encrypted private data using the validated master key (Km).

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5. (Currently Amended) The system recited in Claim 2 wherein the ~~software operating on the client operates~~ instructions further cause the client to send proof of the validated master key ( $K_m$ ) and each blinded password value ( $P^x$ ) to the servers.

6. (Currently Amended) A method that provides for remote password authentication using a system ~~comprising~~ including a client ~~computer~~, a plurality of authentication servers, and a network interconnecting the client ~~computer~~ and the plurality of authentication servers, the method comprising the steps of:

~~entering~~ receiving a password;  
deriving group elements ( $P$ ) from the password;  
sending a blinded password value ( $P^x$ ) to the servers;  
~~retrieving~~ receiving blinded key shares ( $P^{x_i}$ ) from the servers;  
unblinding and combining the blinded key shares to create a master key ( $K_m$ ); and  
decrypting encrypted private data ~~on the client computer~~ using the master key ( $K_m$ ).

7. (Original) The method recited in Claim 6 further comprising the step of validating the master key ( $K_m$ ).

8. (Currently Amended) The method recited in Claim 6 ~~wherein the software operating on the client operates to~~ further comprising the step of decrypting encrypted private data using the master key ( $K_m$ ).

9. (Original) The method recited in Claim 7 further comprising the step of decrypting encrypted private data using the validated master key ( $K_m$ ).

10. (Original) The method recited in Claim 7 further comprising the step of sending proof of the validated master key ( $K_m$ ) and each blinded password value ( $P^x$ ) to the servers.

11. (Currently Amended) A computer program embodied on a computer-readable medium for enabling remote password authentication in a multiple-server system comprising including a client computer, a plurality of authentication servers, and a network interconnecting the client computer and the plurality of authentication servers, the computer program comprising:
- a code segment that enters a password;
  - a data storage area that contains a unique random value  $y_i$  on each of the servers,
  - a code segment that derives a group element ( $P$ ) from the password;
  - a code segment that sends blinded password value ( $P^x$ ) to the servers;
  - a code segment that ~~retrieves~~ provided for receiving blinded key shares ( $P^{xy_i}$ ) from the servers;
  - a code segment that unblinds and combines the shares to create a master key ( $K_m$ ); and
  - a code segment that decrypts encrypted private data on the client computer using the master key ( $K_m$ ).

12. (Original) The computer program recited in Claim 11 further comprising a code segment that validates the master key ( $K_m$ ).

13. (Original) The computer program recited in Claim 11 further comprising a code segment that decrypts encrypted private data using the master key ( $K_m$ ).

14. The computer program recited in Claim 12 further comprising a code segment that decrypts encrypted private data using the validated master key ( $K_m$ ).

15. (Original) The computer program recited in Claim 12 further comprising a code segment that sends proof of the validated master key ( $K_m$ ) and the blinded password value ( $P^x$ ) to the servers.

16. (Currently Amended) The system recited in Claim 1 wherein the ~~software cooperates~~ authentication servers include a memory for maintaining instructions which, when executed by the authentication servers, cause the authentication servers to:

- 5           maintain a count of bad login attempts, the number of recent amplifications, a list of recent  $P^x$  password amplification request values, and a list of timestamps associated with the list of recent password amplification request values on the server;
- receives a blinded password ( $P^x$ ) request
- 10           records the blinded password in a short-term list
- checks a user account to see if it is locked;
- creates a blinded key share ( $P^{xy_i}$ ) in response to the blinded password request; and
- sends the blinded key share to the client computer if it is unlocked.

17. (Currently Amended) The system recited in Claim 16 wherein the ~~software instructions~~ further cause the authentication servers to:

- records a timestamp value to note the time that the request was received;
- periodically checks for stale requests which are determined when the
- 5           difference between any timestamp value and the current time becomes greater than a specific period of time;

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deletes corresponding password amplification request values and  
timestamps, and  
increments the count of bad attempts.

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18. (Currently Amended) The system recited in Claim 16 wherein, when a successful login occurs, the software instructions further cause the authentication servers to:

- 5        sends a value of  $Q_A$ , equal to the password raised to a random power,  
along with any prior values for  $Q_A$  from earlier runs in the same login session, to each server in an encrypted message; and

~~authenticates this~~ authenticate the encrypted message using the master key  $K_m$ .

19. (Currently Amended) The method recited in Claim 6 further comprising the steps of:

maintaining a count of bad login attempts, the number of recent amplifications, a list of recent  $P^x$  password amplification request values, and a list of timestamps associated with the list of recent password amplification request values on the server;

receiving a blinded password ( $P^x$ ) request

recording the blinded password in a short-term list

checking a user account to see if it is locked;

10 creating a blinded key share ( $P^{xy_i}$ ) in response to the blinded password request; and

sending the blinded key share to the client ~~computer~~ if it is unlocked.

20. (Currently Amended) The ~~system method~~ method recited in Claim 19 ~~wherein the software further comprising the steps of:~~

~~recording~~ recording a timestamp value to note the time that the request was received;

periodically ~~checks~~ checking for stale requests which are determined when the difference between any timestamp value and the current time becomes greater than a specific period of time;

20 ~~deletes~~ checking corresponding password amplification request values and timestamps; and

~~increments~~ incrementing the count of bad attempts.

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21. (Currently Amended) The method recited in Claim 19 further comprising the steps of

sending the value of  $Q_A$ , equal to the password raised to a random power, along with any prior values for  $Q_A$  from earlier runs in the same login session, to each server in an encrypted message; and

authenticating ~~this~~ the encrypted message using the master key  $K_m$ .

22. (Currently Amended) The computer program recited in Claim 11 further comprising a code segment that:

maintains a count of bad login attempts, the number of recent amplifications, a list of recent  $P^x$  password amplification request values, and a list of timestamps associated with the list of recent password amplification request values on the server;

receives a blinded password ( $P^x$ ) request

records the blinded password in a short-term suspect list

checks a user account to see if it such account is locked;

creates a blinded key share ( $P^{xy_i}$ ) if it the user account is unlocked; and

sends the blinded key share to the client ~~computer~~.

23. (Original) The computer program recited in Claim 22 further comprising a code segment that:

records a timestamp value to note the time that the request was received;

periodically checks for stale requests which are determined when the difference between any timestamp value and the current time becomes greater than a specific period of time;

deletes corresponding password amplification request values and timestamps; and

increments the count of bad attempts.

24. (Original) The computer program recited in Claim 22 further comprising a code segment that:



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sends the value of  $Q_A$ , equal to the password raised to a random power, along with any prior values for  $Q_A$  from earlier runs in the same login session, to each server in an encrypted message; and

authenticates this message using the master key  $K_m$ .

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